

Different Types of Adjectives

1st/2nd Declension

	Endings	Examples
Type 1:	-us, -a, -um	<i>magnus, magna, magnum</i>
Type 2:	-r, -a, -um	<i>miser, misera, miserum / pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum</i>

M	F	N
-us/-r	-a	-um
-ī	-ae	-ī
-ō	-ae	-ō
-um	-am	-um
-ō	-ā	-ō
-ī	-ae	-a
-ōrum	-ārum	-ōrum
-īs	-īs	-īs
-ōs	-ās	-a
-īs	-īs	-īs

Can you decline...?

- altus, -a, -um, “high, deep”
- liber, libera, liberum, “free”
- malus, -a, -um, “bad”
- noster, nostra, nostrum, “our”

3rd Declension:

	Endings	Examples
Type 1:	-is, -is, -e	<i>fortis, fortis, forte</i>
Type 2:	-r, -is, -e	<i>celer, celeris, celere</i>
Type 3:	---, -is	<i>ingēns, ingentis / procāx, procācis</i>

M/F	N
-is, -r, ---	-e, ---
-is	-is
-ī	-ī
-em	-e, ---
-ī*	-ī*
-ēs	-ia
-ium*	-ium*
-ibus	-ibus
-ēs	-ia
-ibus	-ibus

Can you decline...?

- celer, celeris, celere, “fast, swift”
- audāx, audācis, “bold, daring”
- facilis, -is, -e, “easy”
- ingēns, ingentis, “huge”
- acer, acris, acre, “sharp, fierce”

*NB: The ablative singular adjective ending is -ī, not -e. The genitive plural is -ium, not -um.